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Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

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| | E (DD-MM-YYYY) 9-12-2005 | 2. RE | PORT TYPE Final Report | | 3. DATES COVERED (From – To) 20 May 2005 - 20-Nov-05 |
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| | | | | 5c. P | ROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER |
| 6. AUTHOR(S) | | | | 5d D | ROJECT NUMBER |
| | sor Joran Moen | | | Su. F | ROJECT NUMBER |
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| | | | | Eq. 14 | VODY LINIT NUMBER |
| | | | | je. W | ORK UNIT NUMBER |
| | ORGANIZATION | NAME(S) AND | ADDRESS(ES) | | 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER |
| Box 10 | sity of Oslo 48 Blindern | | | | Street, Springer Suppressed to See |
| N-0316 Norway | | | | | N/A |
| | | | | | |
| | | GENCY NAME(S |) AND ADDRESS(ES) | | 10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) |
| EOAF PSC I | RD 321 BOX 14 | | | | |
| | 09421-0014 | | | | 11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) SPC 05-3052 |
| | | | | | 01 0 00 0002 |
| 12. DISTRIBUTIO | ON/AVAILABILITY | STATEMENT | | | |
| Approved for p | ublic release; d | istribution is ur | limited. | | |
| 13. SUPPLEMEN | TARY NOTES | | | | |
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| 14. ABSTRACT | | | | | |
| This re | port results from a | contract tasking | University of Oslo as follows | : The Grantee wi | Il investigate ionospheric polar plasma patches using |
| optical | imaging instrumen | its from Svalbard, | Norway and Greenland in a | ddition to atmosph | neric radars. |
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| a. REPORT | b. ABSTRACT | C. THIS PAGE | 17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT | 18, NUMBER OF PAGES | 19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON MICHAEL KJ MILLIGAN, Lt Col, USAF |
| UNCLAS | UNCLAS | UNCLAS | UL | 24 | 19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include area code) +44 (0)20 7514 4955 |

Contract No: FA8655-05-1-3052

FINAL REPORT

on

POLAR CAP PATCHES: INVESTIGATION OF FORMATION MECHANISMS AND SOURCE PLASMA

by

Professor Jøran Moen, PI

29 November, 2005

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Introduction

We have carried out analysis and interpretation of data from several EISCAT optical campaigns. September 5-8, 2005 we carried out a campaign at EISCAT Svalbard Radar (ESR). The report is divided in two parts. In Part I the main scientific results are listed up in the form of abstract of papers submitted for publication in peer review scientific journals. Part II is reporting a statistical survey of flow transients in the cusp based on all the ESR "patch campaign" data at hand.

PART I: Scientific results submitted for publication

Paper 1 submitted to Gephysical Research Letters, 2005:

Direct observations of injection-events of subauroral-plasma into the Polar Cap

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- 7. Air Force Research Laboratory, Space Vehicles Directorate, Hanscom Air Force Base, Massachusetts, USA.

Abstract

While polar cap ionospheric patches have been studied for over two decades, there remains no general agreement to which of many proposed patch-production mechanisms are important or dominate. An experiment was designed and implemented to search for transient events redirecting subauroral ionospheric plasma from its subauroral flow to transient injection into the polar cap, as would occur for the Lockwood and Carlson (1992) mechanism of patch creation. An earlier experiment provided compelling evidence of this mechanism acting within the cusp, but only "smoking gun" evidence regarding the source-reservoir for the plasma injected into the polar cap. The work here, for the first time, "tracks the bullet" continuously from subauroral latitudes before the event fires, through the cusp and into the polar cap. We conclude that this mechanism must be a dominant patch generation mechanism and highlight that poleward-moving-form research has direct application to polar cap patch generation by magnetopause reconnection.

Paper 2 submitted to Annales Geophysicae, 2005:

On the Origin of Polar Cap Patches

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Abstract

Although polar cap ionospheric patches were discovered over two decades ago, there is still not agreement as to the dominant mechanism(s) by which they are created. Here we examine in detail many of the observable ionospheric manifestations of the events attendant to their creation, ordering a wide array of radar, radio, and optical observations within the framework and context of one particular patch-production mechanism proposed by Lockwood and Carlson (1992). This mechanism identifies many geophysical parameters and boundaries, each of which must show very specific responses to patch production events, and whose absence can disprove the presence of the mechanism. The combined EISCAT Svalbard and Tromsø (ESR and VHF) radars are unique in their ability to subject this mechanism to a critical test. The transient changes in parameter values, motion of their sharp boundaries, and the relative spatial and temporal timing of same, as predicted by the mechanism under examination, are found to match those observed, for: optical flashes and arcs, plasma densities, velocities, electron and ion gas temperatures, and additional backscatter and scintillation effects. We conclude that: this is a dominant mechanism for polar cap patch generation; the framework of the mechanism helps order and predict much observed phenomenology; it establishes a basis for application of a large body of "PMF" research to patch physics and phenomenology; and it support the broader physical basis on which the proposed mechanism was based.

Paper 4 submitted to Annales Geophysicae, 2005:

The adiaroic boundary and the low-latitude boundary layer under small clock angle IMF

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Abstract

The adiaroic boundary of the polar cap under conditions of Bz>0 and small clock angle is identified in the ion drift measured by the EISCAT Svalbard Radar. Coincident particle flux observations by the NOAA-12 satellite reveal energetic (>30 keV) electrons characteristic of closed field lines near the boundary, together with a population of softer precipitating magnetosheath particles. This particle energy-distribution was distinct from that of the central plasma sheet (CPS) observed at lower latitudes. The plasma near the adiaroic boundary is interpreted as being low-latitude boundary layer (LLBL) plasma under northward IMF. It is suggested that this region occurred on polar-cap magnetic field lines that were opened at an earlier time when IMF Bz<0, but where some had subsequently closed under Bz>0 by lobe reconnection in both northern and southern hemispheres.

Paper 5 submitted to Annales Geophysicae, 2005:

Observations of a new Category of Plasma Patches at Sub-Auroral Latitudes

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Abstract

Polar cap patches are islands of high density ionospheric plasma, surrounded by plasma of density at a factor of two less dense. It was early recognized that midlatitude ionospheric plasma produced by solar EUV provided a viable reservoir of source plasma for polar cap patches, by convection into the polar cap. However, models at the same time showed smoothly varying polar convection patterns to produce a continuous tongue of ionization, not distinct islands, by now a long standing tenet of the field. Here we present EISCAT data over Svalbard that counters this tenet. The observations track ionospheric plasma from the sub-auroral region through the polar cap entry region, demonstrating no need for further segmentation to be observable as strong polar cap patches. The data show a series of three successive intense (~10¹² m⁻³) large (~300 km x 700 km) patches that have been preformed at sub-auroral latitudes. Their high density, large scale, and associated intense level of consequent scintillation make them a clearly important class of patches, which require both recognition and further study by the scientific community if we are to understand the fundamental science and practical consequences of polar patches.

PART II: A statistical survey of flow transients

1. Introduction

We have operated ESR in various fast scan modes for several campaigns from 16.01.2001 – 15.12.2002. The fast scan operation was originally designed to map formation and movement of polar cap patches near cusp. Figure 1 from Carlson et al. [Geophysical Research Letters, 2002] illustrates tracking of a north-west moving electron density patch by 60-degree azimuth sweeps. The radar sweeps are designed to move fast enough through the F region ionosphere to revisit cusp events several times as they propagate through the field-of-view at typical speeds of 0.5-1 kms⁻¹. This wind-shield wiper mode has enabled us to observe in detail the local flow disturbance of single flux transfer events Oksavik et al.[Geophysical Research Letters, 2004]; first suggested by Southwood [1987]. Narrow channels (50-100 km) of fast flow seem to be a characteristic feature of the auroral ionosphereUnder the current grant we are carrying out a systematic search through our entire data base for temporary flow events. It turns out that flow events occurred at 34% of 877 day scans 29% of 503 night scans. For further work on this data material we will be particularly interested to see how local flow disturbance are related to formation of electron density patches in the cusp.

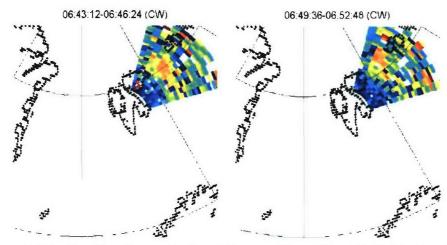


Figure 1: Mapping of an electron density patch propagating northwest in the fan-shaped field of view on January 18, 2001.

2. Data analysis

The data set contains 1380 scans by the ESR in the time period from 16.01.2001 - 15.12.2002. In order to get an overview of the dynamics in the data, the primary plasma parameters (v_t, T_t, n_e, T_e) were plotted in a 5 x 4 can matrix plot format as illustrated in Figure 2.

The dates and times of day when the radar was operated are shown in Table 1. For each day (first column), the time of the day when radar data is available is shown in the second column, and any larger data gaps for the actual day are shown in the third column. Furthermore, the duration of one azimuth scan in seconds (fourth column) and the number of events registered during the time period (fifth column) are shown.

By manual inspection of the v_i data, events were narrow channels were visible in the data where identified and listed in Table 2. Each event is classified by a number of parameters explained in Section 2.1 below.

Furthermore, the polarity of IMF B_z and B_y were determined for each event and it was checked whether there was a signature corresponding to the event in the ESR n_e data and/or allsky camera images from Ny-Ålesund (listed in Table 3)

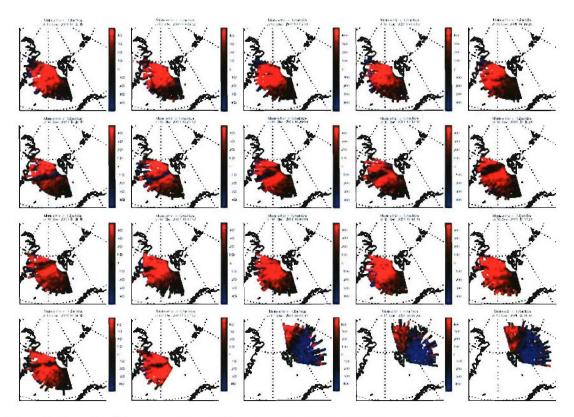


Figure 2: Example of the scan matrix plot format used to plot the ESR data

2.1 Description of the columns in Table 2:

images:

This number states how many scans the event is visible on.

Quadrant:

Indicates which quadrant the event is located in (see Figure 2). The flow event - narrow blue line- is located in the third quadrant.

Dir. of ion flow: (Direction of ion flow)

The colors in a scan indicate the direction of the ion movement relative to the radar, red being away from the radar and blue towards the radar. The direction of flow indicated in the table is relative to the geographic poles rather than to the magnetic poles, for example the direction of flow of the event (blue narrow line) in figure 2 would be north-east.

Quality:

Ranges an event's overall quality: "poor", "ok" and "good". The purpose of the colors used in the table is to make it easier to identify the events. The quality of an event was determined visually and consists of several factors: how good the event emerges from the background (velocity difference between the event itself and the background), how good

the data quality is throughout the event and whether how speckled the data around the event is.

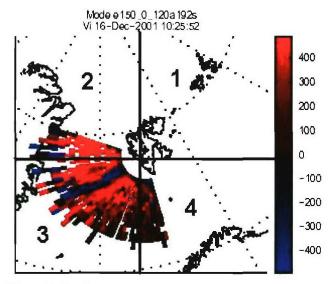


Figure 3: Quadrant arrangement

Class:

"c.c." – convection channel (the event in the third quadrant in Figure 3 would be a typical convection channel)

"spot" – spot in the vi data (see example in the right panel in Figure 4)

Convection reversals (as shown in the left panel of Figure 4) are not considered and listed here.

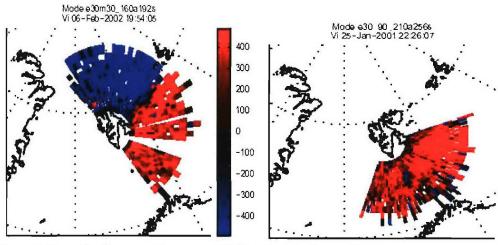


Figure 4: Example of a convection reversal (left) and a velocity spot (right)

Wideness:

Ranges an event in terms of how wide it is in terms of extension. Expressions used: "medio", "narrow".

The event shown in Figure 3 would typically be a narrow event.

Background:

Describes the background of the v_i data. Terms used are: "Uniform", "ok", "a little diffuse" and "diffuse"

Comment:

Gives a short comment describing the event, like for example on which scans the event is best visible or whether the ion velocity in the convection channel is rather low.

IMF B_z/B_v :

Polarity of the interplanetary magnetic fields z and y-component measured with the ACE satellite during the event (see Section 2.2 for time delay calculation). Can either be "positive", "negative" or "fluctuates" (if IMF B_z changes sign during an event in such a way that it is not possible to determine whether it is positive or negative).

Ne sig.: $(N_e \text{ signature})$

States if there is a signature (like for instance an electron density patch) corresponding to the event visible in the n_e data. "Gap" indicates that the convection channel is associated with a decreased electron density, "enhanced" indicates that the electron density corresponding to the event is enhanced compared to the background. "Precipitation" indicates that there is electron precipitation associated with the event.

2.2 Time delay calculation:

In order to determine during which IMF conditions an event took place it is necessary to account for the propagation time of the solar wind from the ACE satellite to the ionosphere. For this purpose, a matlab program (IMFshifter.m) has been written.

Since this programs only purpose is to evaluate the sign of the IMF for the events, no sofisticated program is needed. The time delay has been calculated by two methods: 1) Brute force calculating the advection time along the Sun-Earth axis, and 2) a formula by Lockwood et al. [1989] given as:

$$T_{tot} = \frac{1}{v_{sw}} \left[X_s - 1.3 X_m - \left(Y_s \cdot \frac{B_s}{B_s} \right) + 2.6 X_m \right]$$

X_s, Y_s: Satellite positions in GSE coordinates, [km]

 B_x , B_y : IMF components, [nT]

V_{sw}: solar wind speed, [km/s]

X_m: magnetopause coordinate calculated by Rodgers [1998] formula:

$$X_m = 107.4 \left(N_{sw} \cdot V_{sw}^2 \right)^{-\frac{1}{6}}$$

 N_{sw} = hydrogen density in the solar wind, [#/cc]

3. Summary:

The data set contains scan periods during the early morning hours and evening/night hours (Table 1). For a statistical analysis of the events, day and nighttime was treated separately. The daytime set consists of almost twice as many scans as the nighttime set.

3.1. Daytime observations:

In the whole data set consisting of a total of 1380 scans, 877 scans are daytime scans. The daytime data set contains a total of 95 events spread over 300 scans, implying that that roughly 34% of the scans contain events.

47 of the events where rated "good" (49.5%), 29 "ok" (30.5%), 19 "poor" (20%).

3 of the 95 events (3.2%) were spots, 92 (96.8%) were convection channels.

Of all 95 events, 61.1% had north east flow (58), 9.5% north-west flow (9), 14.7% south east flow (14) and 14.7% south west flow (14).

Only 14 events (14.7%) occurred during a period with negative IMF By.

Of all daytime scans¹⁾, the radar scanned 46.3% (495 scans) in the first quadrant, 32.5% (348 scans) in the second, 19.5% (208 scans) in the third and in 1.7 % (18 scans) the fourth.

53.6% (51 events) of the events where located in the first quadrant, 20% (19 events) in the second, 27.4% (26 events) in the third and 0% (0 event) in the fourth.

Events occur 28% of the time scanned in the first quadrant (51 events spanning 139 scans), 16.6% in the second (19 events, 58 scans), 49.5% in the third (26 events, 103 scans) and 0% in the fourth (0 events).

To get an idea of the average duration of an event, the first step was to calculate the average number of images an event was visible on for each day (since the scan mode could change for different days). The average number of images was then multiplied with the number of seconds used for one scan.

Then, having calculated the average duration of an event for one day, all the days where added together and an average over the whole daytime set found.

The average duration of an event in the daytime data set found by this method was 8min 38 sec.

3.2. Nighttime observations:

In total, 503 of the scans are nighttime scans. The whole nighttime data set contains 32 events spread over 110 scans, implying that that roughly 29% of the scans contain events.

21 events where rated "good" (65.6%), 10 "ok" (31.3%), 1 "poor" (3.1%).

7 of the 32 events (21.9%) were spots, 25 (78.1%) were convection channels.

Of all 32 events, 31.2% had north east flow (10), 34.4% north-west flow (11), 9.4% south east flow (3) and 25% south west flow (8).

8 events (25%) occurred during a period with negative IMF By.

Of all nighttime scans²⁾, the radar scanned 29.1% (383 scans) in the first quadrant, 32.9% (432 scans) in the second, 5.1% (68 scans) in the third and in 32.9% (432 scans) the fourth.

37.5% (12 events) of the events where located in the first quadrant, 9.4% (3 events) in the second, 18.7% (6 events) in the third and 34.4% (11 event) in the fourth.

Events occur 10.7% in the first quadrant (12 events spanning 41 scans), 2.3% in the second (3 events, 10 scans), 19.11% in the third (6 events, 13 scans) and 10.6% in the fourth (11 events, 46 scans).

¹⁾ if one scan scanned all quadrants, it is calculated as one scan for each quadrant > total amount of scans now 1069 since some scans count several times.

The calculation of the average duration of a nighttime event was carried out the same way as for the daytime data, the only difference being that the scan mode not necessarily was constant throughout one day, so that periods with constant scan mode had to be considered.

The average duration of a nighttime event was 11min 58 sec.

²⁾ if one scan scanned all quadrants, it is calculated as one scan for each quadrant → total amount of scans now 1315 since some scans count several time

Table 1:

| Date | Radar data available | larger data gaps | Scan mode (sec) | # of events in period | Allsky (NYA) available | MSP (Keograms) available | Super Darn available |
|------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 16.01.2001 | 06:03:10- 11:01:34 | 07:36:30- 08:34:22 | 128 | 12 | x | х | yes |
| 17.01.2001 | 06:01:02- 10:50:38 | 07:13:02- 09:16:02 | 128 | 9 | х | X | yes |
| 18.01.2001 | 06:05:07- 07:31:09 | | 192 | 5 | X | х | yes |
| 19.01.2001 | 06:02:38- 11:58:54 | 07:55:42- 09:31:42 | 128 | 8 | X | 08:00 - 21:00 | yes |
| 20.01.2001 | 06:03:02- 10:59:12 | 07:15:12- 09:55:22 | 128 | 12 | X | x | yes |
| 25.01.2001 | 18:00:28- 22:55:59 | | 256 | 3 | X | x | yes |
| 15.12.2001 | 06:03:54- 10:58:06 | 07:43:06- 09:08:17 | 192 | 8 | х | 08:00 - 16:00 | yes |
| 16.12.2001 | 06:05:01- 10:57:52 | | 192 | 15 | 08:00 - 11:00 | 09:00 - 00:00 | yes |
| 17.12.2001 | 06:05:30- 10:58:40 | 06:56:29- 09:57:52 | 192 | 1 | yes | yes | yes |
| 18.12.2001 | 06:31:02- 10:53:42 | 08:03:50- 09:22:59 | 192 | 6 | yes | yes | yes |
| 19.12.2001 | 06:00:51- 08:44:29 | | 192 | 1 | yes | yes | yes |
| 20.12.2001 | 06:00:01- 10:54:47 | 07:58:22- 10:06:47 | 192 | 12 | 06:00 - 10:00 | until 11:00 | yes |
| 21.12.2001 | 06:00:38- 10:55:02 | | 256 | 4 | yes | X | yes |
| 06.02.2002 | 16:01:10- 22:57:30 | 16:56:35 - 17:36:54 | 256,gap192, | 12 | yes | 18:00 - 00:00 | yes |
| 07.02.2002 | 17:12:24 - 22:59:36 | | 192,21:00 256 | 6 | yes | 18:00 - 00:00 | yes |
| 08.02.2002 | 16:01:00 - 22:58:01 | | 192 | 8 | yes | yes | yes |
| 09.02.2002 | 16:02:10 - 22:54:16 | | 192, 18:00 256, 20:20 384 | 3 | yes | yes | yes |
| 15.12.2002 | 07:51:19 - 10:40:55 | | 192 | 2 | yes | x | yes |

| comment | | signature lying at the lower scan border | | | | | | one scan lacking some data points | tow ion velocity background | | | best at 10:29-10 31, at the beginning not very high velocity | best at 6:26 | not very high ion velocity | best at 06:55-07:00 | poor data in next scan, direction of scan changed two frames later | | small "toung" of vi flow on upper outer scan | hard to see, low velocity | | | | | | | | low ion velocity background | low ion velocity background | | low velocity, narrow c.c. appearing often during period 10:01-11:45 | low velocity | low velocity | low velocity c.c. | good at 11:43, low ion velocity | 9 06:04, 06:06, 06:13, 06:15 appears an other c.c. on the right scan border | | | | c.c. at right scan border | c.c. in the middle of scan | | c.c. lying at lower scan boundary/cutoff | velocity spot |
|------------------|------------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------|
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| Dir. of ion flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-west flow | north-west flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | south-east flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | south-east flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | north-east flow | south-east flow | south-east flow |
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| images |) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| # | 3 | 26 4 | | 01 4 | 08 1 | | | | | 14 4 | | | | | 5 00 | | | | | | | 17 1 | 36 1 | 43 1 | 55 2 | | | 28 3 | | | | | | | | | | 36 2 | | | | | |
| Stopp | | 9 06:26 | 9 08:51 | | | | | _ | | 7 10:14 | | | 9 06:26 | 3 06:43 | 00:20 | 0 07:13 | | | | 3 10:22 | 10:46 | 7 06:17 | | | | | 1 06:21 | | | | | | | 5 11:43 | | | | | | | - | | 5 10:10 |
| Start | | 06:19 | 08:45 | 08.55 | 30:60 | 09:31 | 09:33 | 09.48 | 09:57 | 10:07 | 10 18 | 10:22 | 06:15 | 06.38 | 06:51 | 07:10 | 09:33 | 09:50 | 10:08 | 10:18 | 10:31 | 06:17 | 06:36 | 06:43 | 06.52 | 07:08 | 06:11 | 06:23 | 06:58 | 10:01 | 10:20 | 10:35 | 11:18 | 11:35 | 06.04 | 06:19 | 06:28 | 06:34 | 06.43 | 06:45 | 07:02 | 10:01 | 10:05 |
| Date of event | | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01,2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 | 19,01,2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 |
| Event | - | 2 | က | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 00 | ത | 10 | - | 12 | 13 | 4 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 56 | 27 | 28 | 59 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 |

| | v ok low speed, two c.c.'s, one moving north, one appearing 10:31 | ð | uniform low speed spot of reverse velocity | w uniform | v uniform | uniform | uniform | uniform | 쑹 | | | v uniform 10:29_10:48 may look like an north-east c.c. heet 10:51-10:54 | | a little diffuse | a little diffuse | | | | uniform | | | | uniform v | | w uniform low velocity, best 09:44&09:47 | uniform | w uniform unfortunately terminated by change in radar f.o.v | w uniform | ð | uniform | | uniform | uniform | uniform small c.c. developping in the last scan of previous event | v uniform low velocity c.c. | | a little diffuse | w ok narrow c.c lying north of svalbard |
|--------------------|---|------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|---|------------|------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|--|------------|---|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| MOTIFO | | | t medio | t narrow | t narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | | | medio | | | | | | | | narrow | | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | | medio | | narrow | паггом | narrow | medio | narrow |
| 0 | ŏ | | good spot | good spot | good spoot | good c.c. | C,C. | good c.c. | good c.c. | good c.c. | good c.c. | ok c.c. | | good c.c. | | | | J. | | | D | 1 | good c.c. | | C.C. | good c.c. | good c.c. | 0,0 | good c.c. | good c.c | good c.c. | good c.c | good c.c. | good c.c. | poor c.c. | C.C. | poor c.c. | C.C. |
| south-east flow ok | | | north-west flow go | north-west flow go | north-west flow go | north-east flow go | north-east flow ok | north-east flow go | 200 | - | | north-east flow ok | | | > | | | | | - | | | north-west flow go | 579 | north-east flow ok | 12 | north-east flow go | north-east flow ok | | north-east flow go | | | | north-east flow go | north-east flow po | north-east flow ok | north-east flow po | north-east flow ok |
| 2 | 1 74 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | • | - | - | τ- | • | - | с с | 5 | - | _ | - | Ψ- | - | τ- | τ, | - (| 7 • | - 0 | · - | 3 | 3 | က | ю | - | - | • | 3 | ന | က | - | - | - | - |
| 0 | ı m | 2 | 5 | 5 | ~ | 4 | ** | ~ | _ | 2 | _ | - α | , | 2 | _ | _ | ٥, | <u>~</u> | ~ 1 | ~ . | m (| V 1 | - 4 | 11 | (0 | 80 | m | - | 2 | m | _ | 10 | 2 | ٠, | 4 | | _ | _ |
| 10.25 | | | | 22:26 | 22:21 | | | | | | | 10.54 | | | 06:40 | | | | | | | 08.23 | | | | | 10.57 | 10:17 | | | | | | 10:23 6 | 07:17 | 06:03 | 90:90 | 06:12 |
| 10 22 | | | 18:10 | 22:09 | 22:17 | | 07:27 | | | 09:14 | | 10 10 | | 06:30 | 06:40 | 06:46 | 60:20 | 07:31 | 07:44 | 08:03 | | 08.20 | | | 09:34 | 10:19 | 10:51 | 10:17 | 06:43 | 07:54 | 08:03 | 09:38 | 09:54 | 10:01 | 70:70 | | 90:90 | |
| 20 01 2001 | 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 | 25.01.2001 | 25.01.2001 | 25.01.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 15.12.2001 | 10.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 | 17.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 18.12.2001 | 19.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 |
| 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 9 | 20 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 25 | 56 | ò | 28 | 29 | 09 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 90 | 2 6 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 92 | 11 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 |

| comment | bad ouglity and very cleady visible | spot | tow ion velocity | | | | ow ion velocity | shear, getting broader | best 10:51 & 10.54 | poetting wider towards the end | | best 8:08 | | | | | | ow ion velocity background | ow ion velocity background | ow ion velocity background | unfortunately data gap in one frame | | | ow velocity | spot east of svalbard | spot south of svalbard | low velocity | | signature cut off by radar f.o.v | | at lower scan border | determined by bad data | best 16:36, low ion velocity | ow ion velocity | | | medio velocity | great 20 49-20:52 | best 21:41 | | | terminated by bad data | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| a little diffuse | | diffuse | | | | a little diffuse | | uniform | uniform | a little diffuse | | | a little diffuse | a little diffuse | uniform | uniform | uniform | diffuse | diffuse | | uniform | uniform | uniform | uniform le | | diffuse | uniform | uniform | uniform | uniform | a little diffuse | a little diffuse | uniform | uniform | uniform | a little diffuse | uniform | a little diffuse g | a little diffuse b | a little diffuse | a little diffuse | uniform t | a little diffuse |
| narrow | | narrow | WOJEC | a la la | allow | narrow | narrow | narrow | narrow | Darrow | | medio | narrow | narrow | medio | medio | medio | medio | medio | narrow | narrow | medio | narrow | narrow | narrow | medio | narrow | narrow | narrow | medio | narrow | narrow | medio | narrow | medio | medio | narrow | narrow | medio | narrow | medio | narrow | medio |
| c.c. | | Spot | | 5 | shor | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | ٥ | , | | Ü | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | 0.0 | C.C. | spot | 0.0 | 0.0 | spot | spot | Ö | C.C. | spot | C.C. | 0.0 | C. C. | C, C | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | C.C. | 0.0 |
| pood | 000 | o d | 2000 | 5 | 0006 | bood | × | pood | pood | pood | 2005 | ŏ | good | ok | poob | pood | ok W | X | pood | pood | pood | pood | × | pood | pood | ķ | 쏭 | pood | pood | poob | pood | ¥ | pood | pood | ok | ok | pood | pood | ok Yo | pood | ¥ | pood | poor |
| north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-pact flow | north-cast flow | MOII ISPO-IIIOII | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | norrn-east flow | south-west flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | south-west flow | north-east flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | north-west flow | south-west flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-west flow | north-west flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | south-west flow | north-west flow | north-west flow | south-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-east flow | north-west flow | south-west flow |
| 1 Quadrant | - | - • | • | | | - | ဇ | 3 | 8 | ~ | | r (| e e | က | - | - | 4 | - | - | • | - | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 2 | - | _ | - | 2 | 4 | _ | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 8 | - | 4 | ю |
| 1 # images | 2 | 1 4 | | 4 6 | 0 | _ | 4 | 5 | 5 | 7 | | n | x 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 5 | က | 3 | - | . | 4 | _ | 2 | es | 9 | - | 4 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 2 |
| 06:19 Stonn | 76.47 | 00.20 | 07.10 | 27.70 | 2 | 07:42 | 10:22 | 10:38 | 10:54 | 07 51 | | 21.80 | 09:25 | 09:34 | 17:39 | 17:55 | 18:24 | 18:46 | 18:59 | 18:59 | 20:22 | 20:48 | 21:34 | 21:53 | 22:22 | 22:35 | 17:38 | 18:27 | 20:31 | 20.47 | 21:04 | 22:29 | 16:36 | 16:42 | 17:14 | 20:17 | 20:45 | 20:58 | 21.45 | 22:11 | 19:14 | 19:44 | 21:31 |
| 06·19 | 06.44 | 06.51 | | | | | 10:13 | 10 25 | 10:41 | 07:38 | | | | 09.29 | 17:36 | 17 49 | 18:18 | 18:43 | 18:46 | 18:53 | 20:16 | 20:48 | 21:34 | 21:43 | 22:22 | 22:22 | 17:33 | 18.11 | 20:31 | 20:38 | 20:57 | 22:21 | 16:23 | 16:39 | 16:55 | 19:57 | 20:29 | 20.49 | 21.41 | 22:06 | 18:57 | 19.36 | 21:24 |
| 20.12.2001 Date of event | 20 12 2001 | 20 12 2001 | 20 12 2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20. 12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 21 12 2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 09.02.2002 | 09.02.2002 | 09.02.2002 |
| 84 Event | a. | 86 | 24 | 5 6 | 0 1 | 88 | 90 | 91 | 35 | 69 | 2 | 4 6 | 92 | 96 | 26 | 86 | 66 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 |

| uniform | a little diffuse |
|-----------------|------------------|
| narrow | narrow |
| 0.0 | 0.0 |
| × | ok o |
| south-west flow | south-west flow |
| - | ~ |
| 2 | - |
| 08:13 | 10:21 |
| 08:10 | 10:21 |
| 15.12.2002 | 15.12.2002 |
| | |

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| ne sig. | п.о. | n.o. | gap | enhanced - gap | n.o. | n.o. | hard to see, gap in last scan | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | gap | gap | Postacidad odycom | maybe emigree | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | gap | enhanced | enhanced | enhanced | enhanced | gap | enhanced | enhanced | enhanced | enhanced |
|---------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| IMF BV | · • | 0> | 0^ | ^< | ^0 | × 0× | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | ^ | <u>^</u> | 9 | O | 0 | <u>۸</u> | 0^ | ŏ | <u>۸</u> | 0< | ^0 | <u>^</u> | 0^ | 0^ | 0^ | × × | <u>۸</u> |
| IMF Bz | 0< | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | 0> | <i>C</i> | | 0< | ^ ^ | 0^ | ^ د د | <u>></u> | × 0× | ×0 | 0^ | 0> | × | 0> | 0> | 0> |
| Stopp | 90:90 | 06:26 | 08:51 | 09:01 | 80:60 | 09:31 | 09:44 | 09:53 | 10:01 | 10:14 | 10:20 | 10:31 | 96.90 | 0.00 | 06:43 | 07:00 | 07:13 | 09:33 | 09:59 | 10:14 | 10:22 | 10:46 | 06:17 | 06:36 | 06:43 | 06:55 | 07:11 |
| Start | 06:03 | 06:19 | 08:49 | 08:55 | 80:60 | 09:31 | 09:33 | 09:48 | 09:57 | 10:01 | 10:18 | 10:22 | 06.10 | 2 6 | 06:38 | 06:51 | 07:10 | 09:33 | 09:50 | 10:08 | 10:18 | 10:31 | 06:17 | 06:36 | 06:43 | 06:52 | 07:08 |
| Date of event | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 16.01.2001 | 17 01 2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 17.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 | 18.01.2001 |
| Event | - | 2 | က | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 | œ | တ | 10 | 11 | 12 | 4. |) ; | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |

| .0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 | enhanced enhanced enhanced | n.o. enhanced n.o. enhanced/patch | patch 6:38-6:49 | n.o./gap n.o. n.o./gap ne sig. | n.o. n.o. enhanced | л.о. л.о. | п.о. п.о. п.о. |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 2 | 2 000 | 0000 | ×0 ×0 IMF By | 0 0 0 | 0 ° ° | 000 |
| ° ° ° | 2 | ? | 0000 | <0>0>0IMF Bz | ∾ | 0 0 0 | 0,000 |
| 06:21 06:28 07:00 10:03 | 10:20 10:37 11:20 | 06:17 06:21 06:32 | 06:36 06:47 06:47 06:47 | 10:03 10:10 Stopp | 10:25 10:33 10:46 | 18:27 22:26 22:21 | 06:23 07:36 07:39 |
| 06:11 06:23 06:58 | 10:20 | 06:04 06:19 06:28 | 06:34 06:43 06:45 | 10:01 10:05 Start | 10:22 10:29 10:44 | 18:10 22:09 22:17 | 06:13 07:27 07:33 |
| 19.01.2001 19.01.2001 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 19.01.2001 19.01.2001 | 19.01.2001 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 | 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 Date of event | 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 20.01.2001 | 25.01.2001 25.01.2001 25.01.2001 | 15.12.2001 15.12.2001 15.12.2001 |
| 27 28 29 | 33 33 33 33 | 35 36 37 | 88 88 4 4 | 41 42 43 Event | 44 45 46 | 7 4 4 4 6 9 9 | 50 51 52 |

| enhanced enhanced n.o. n.o., but interesting spot south | gap enhanced n.o./enhanced gap enhanced n.o. | enhanced gap? enhanced enhanced enhanced n.o. enhanced enhanced | enhanced, precipitation n.o. enhanced n.o. gap, not very clear n.o. |
|--|--|--|--|
| tes >0 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | 0 000000 |
| <0 fluctuates fluctuates >0 >0 | 0000000 | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | \[\text{\tin}\text{\tett{\text{\tetx{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\texit{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\texi}\text{\texit{\texi}\text{\texi}\t |
| 09:11 09:17 09:24 09:28 10:54 | 06:33 06:40 06:46 07:12 07:37 | 08:06 08:29 08:23 08:52 08:48 08:48 09:27 09:50 | 10:17 06:47 08:00 08:03 09:51 10:10 |
| 09:11 09:14 09:24 09:28 10:10 | 06:30 06:40 06:46 07:09 07:31 | 08:03 08:06 08:32 08:32 08:33 08:34 10:19 | 10:17 06:43 07:54 08:03 09:38 09:54 10:07 |
| 15.12.2001 15.12.2001 15.12.2001 15.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 | 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 16.12.2001 | 17.12.2001 18.12.2001 18.12.2001 18.12.2001 18.12.2001 18.12.2001 |
| 53 54 55 56 57 | 58 59 60 61 62 63 | 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 | 73 76 77 78 79 |

| n.o. | gap gap enhanced precinitation | enhanced, precipitation ne sig. | enhanced, precipitation enhanced, weak, precipitation 6:54 | n.o. | enhanced, weak | gap | gap | enhanced, clear | enhanced, clear | enhanced, weak? | gap? | n.o. | п.о. |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|------------|----------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0^ | 2 2 2 | >0 IMF By | · | 0< | <u>۸</u> | Q (| 0 < | 0^ | <u>^</u> | ^0 | 0^ | 0< | 0^ | 0^ | 0< | 0^ | 0^ | 0^ | 0< | 0< | <u>^</u> |
| 0> | 0 0 0 | <0 <0 IMF Bz | ? ♀ | 0< | ° , | 0 0 | 0 | 0> | 0> | 0> | ° | 0> | 0 | 0^ | ^0 | 0^ | 0> | 0 | × 0× | 0> | <u>^</u> |
| 07:17 | 06:03 | 06:19 Stopp | 06:47 | 07:10 | 07:19 | 07:42 | 10:22 | 10:38 | 10:54 | 07:51 | 08:12 | 09:25 | 09:34 | 17:39 | 17:55 | 18:24 | 18:46 | 18:59 | 18:59 | 20:22 | 20:48 |
| 07:07 07:17 | 06:03 | 06:19 Start | 06:44 | 07:07 | 07:13 | 07:42 | 10:13 | 10:25 | 10:41 | 07:38 | 08:04 | 08:55 | 09:29 | 17:36 | 17:49 | 18:18 | 18:43 | 18:46 | 18:53 | 20:16 | 20:48 |
| 19.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 20.12.2001 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 20.12.2001 Date of event | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 20.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 21.12.2001 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 |
| 80 | 82 82 | 84 Event | 85 86 | 87 | 88 | တ္ထ ဖ | 06 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 86 | 66 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 |

| n.o. | enhanced | n.o. | gap | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | п.о. | n.o. | | n.o., gap | enhanced, precipitation | enhanced, precipitation! | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | n.o. | gap | | II.O., precipitation | n.o., precipitation | n.o. | babasa | | enhanced |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 0< | >0 | ^0 | 0> | 0> | 0> | ^ | ^ | 0> | 0> | | >0(<0) | >0 | ^0 | ^0 | ^0 | ^ 0× | ^0 | ^0 | 9 | 2 | × 0× | 0> | C > |) | 0> |
| 0> | >0 | 0> | 0> | 0^ | ^ | 0> | 0> | 0> | ^ | , | 0> | 0> | 0> | fluctuates | fluctuates | fluctuates | 0> | 0> | 9 | 2 | >0 | 0> | 0^ | | 0> |
| 21:34 | 21:53 | 22:22 | 22:35 | 17:38 | 18:27 | 20:31 | 20:47 | 21:04 | 22:29 | 0 | 16:36 | 16:42 | 17:14 | 20:17 | 20:45 | 20:58 | 21:45 | 22:11 | 77.0 | 4 | 19:44 | 21:31 | 08.13 | | 10:21 |
| 21:34 | 21:43 | 22:22 | 22:22 | 17:33 | 18:11 | 20:31 | 20:38 | 20:57 | 22:21 | (| 16:23 | 16:39 | 16:55 | 19:57 | 20:29 | 20:49 | 21:41 | 22:06 | 10.57 | 0.0 | 19:36 | 21:24 | 08.10 | | 10:21 |
| 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 06.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | 07.02.2002 | | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 08.02.2002 | 2002 20 00 | 03.02.2002 | 09.02.2002 | 09.02.2002 | 15 12 2002 | 0.12.2002 | 15.12.2002 |
| 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 100 | 27 | 124 | 125 | 126 |) | 127 |

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